



SUMMARY OF REPUBLICAN FISCAL YEAR 2027 BILL

Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies

The fiscal year 2027 Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies funding bill provides discretionary funding of \$26.3 billion – approximately \$1.1 billion, a 4 percent cut below fiscal year 2026. The bill includes a total of \$204 billion for both discretionary and mandatory programs. The bill:

- **Increases costs for farmers and rural communities** by steeply cutting critical investments, including water and waste grants to help the poorest communities get safer water services, and slashing the Rural Energy for America Program (REAP) loans in half.
- **Hurts farmers** by cutting the number of federal and local employees who help them access government resources they are promised.
- **Threatens access to food for hardworking and vulnerable Americans**, failing to ensure that every eligible recipient can access their benefits, by not providing the full fruit and vegetable benefit to USDA's Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC).
- **Slashes Food for Peace**, which provides American farmers with additional revenue and helps feed hungry children around the globe, while USDA proceeds to start implementing the program after the administration gutted USAID.

Bill Summary

Food and Nutrition Programs

- **Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)** – The bill provides \$8 billion for WIC, which is \$200 million below 2026. It does not fully fund the cash value vouchers for fruits and vegetables for women and children. In fiscal year 2025, WIC served 6.9 million women, infants, and children.
- **Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)** – The bill provides \$101 billion in funding for SNAP, which is the \$6 billion below 2026 because of cuts made in Republicans' One Big Beautiful Bill.

- **Commodity Assistance Programs** – The bill provides \$460 million for the Commodity Supplemental Food Program, the same as 2026, and maintains the Farmers Market Nutrition Program at the 2026 level. It funds The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) at \$75 million, \$5 million below 2026.
- **Child nutrition programs** – The bill provides \$38 billion in funding for child nutrition programs, almost identical to 2026. It includes \$5 million for school breakfast equipment grants, \$5 million below 2026, and \$5 million for the Farm to School program, the same as 2026.

International Food Assistance Programs – The bill includes \$900 million for Food for Peace grants, \$300 million below 2026. The bill also includes \$240 million for the McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition program, the same as the 2026 level.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) – The bill includes a total of \$3.4 billion in discretionary funding for the FDA, \$56 million below the 2026 level. Total funding for FDA, including revenue from appropriated user fees, is \$7.2 billion.

Rural Development

- **Rural housing programs** – The bill provides \$26.5 billion in rural housing loan programs, including \$1 billion for single family direct home loans, equal to the 2026 level.
- **Rural Energy for America Program** – The bill provides \$50 million in REAP loans, \$50 million less than the 2026 level.
- **Rural Energy Savings Program** – The bill provides \$25 million in RESP loans, the same as 2026.
- **Water and waste grants** – The bill provides \$78 million, \$62 million below the 2026 level.
- **ReConnect program** – The bill provides \$40 million, which is \$10 million below the 2026 level.
- **Staffing** – The bill provides \$270 million, \$42 million below the 2026 level.

Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) – The bill provides \$355 million, a cut of \$10 million below the 2026 level.

Agricultural Research – The bill provides \$1.8 billion, basically flat, for the Agricultural Research Service (ARS) and \$1 billion for the National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA) slightly below 2026.

Farm Service Agency – Funding for Farm Service Agency salaries and expenses is at \$1.1 billion, which is \$19 million below the 2026 level.

Conservation Programs – The bill provides \$751 million to help farmers, ranchers, and private landowners conserve and protect their land, a \$64 million cut below the 2026 level.

This legislation includes riders that would:

- Eliminate protections for small meat and poultry producers.
- Require USDA to implement guidance supporting the early introduction of peanuts to infants in the WIC program.
- Blocks a decision by USDA to limit the median family income level for single family direct loans.
- Prohibits the FDA from enforcing their rule that bans unrefrigerated surplus broiler hatching eggs from going into the food supply, raising potential food safety concerns.