



ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED AGENCIES



SUMMARY OF REPUBLICAN FISCAL YEAR 2027 BILL

Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies

The fiscal year 2027 Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies funding bill provides \$62.2 billion. Within that amount, the bill provides \$27.2 billion for nondefense programs, a cut of over \$1.8 billion, or 6 percent, below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level; this includes \$3.6 billion in funding for activities related to the Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund. The bill provides \$35 billion for defense programs, an increase of \$774 million, or 2 percent, above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level. The legislation:

- **Increases energy costs, jeopardizes energy independence, and hurts United States' competitiveness** by slashing the Department of Energy's Critical Minerals and Energy Innovation programs (formerly called Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy) by 40 percent, revoking \$2.8 billion from the Department of Energy's Bipartisan Infrastructure Law resources, and cutting the Advanced Research Projects Agency - Energy by \$50 million.
- **Weakens national security and leaves Americans more vulnerable to nuclear threats** by cutting the National Nuclear Security Administration's Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation account by 12 percent.
- **Abandons commitments to communities to clean up radioactive waste** by eliminating funding for the Corps of Engineers' Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program and cutting the Department of Energy's Office of Environmental Management by 10 percent.

Bill Summary:

Army Corps of Engineers – The bill provides a total of \$9.8 billion, a decrease of \$660 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$3.1 billion above the fiscal year 2027 request. Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund projects receive an estimated \$3.6 billion, an increase of \$91 million above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$1.9 billion above the fiscal year 2027 request.

- **Investigations** – The bill provides \$175 million, an increase of \$25 million above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$137 million above the fiscal year 2027 request.

- **Construction** – The bill provides \$2.4 billion, a decrease of \$788 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$1.2 billion above the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Operation and Maintenance** – The bill provides \$6.3 billion, an increase of \$242 million above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$5.5 billion above the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation** – The bill provides \$5 million, a decrease of \$2 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$5 million above the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program** – The bill eliminates funding for the program, a decrease of \$75 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$200 million below the fiscal year 2027 request. This funding supports efforts to clean up sites with contamination resulting from the nation’s early atomic energy program.

Department of the Interior and Bureau of Reclamation – The bill provides a total of \$1.9 billion, an increase of \$211 million above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$569 million above the fiscal year 2027 request.

- **Central Utah Project** – The bill provides \$23 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$6 million above the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Bureau of Reclamation** – The bill provides \$1.8 billion, an increase of \$211 million above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$563 million above the fiscal year 2027 request. This funding supports the development, construction, management, and restoration of water and related natural resources in the 17 western states.

Department of Energy – The bill provides a total of \$50.5 billion for the Department, a decrease of \$356 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$3.1 billion below the fiscal year 2027 request. Additionally, the bill revokes \$2.8 billion of Bipartisan Infrastructure Law resources from the Department of Energy's Carbon Dioxide Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Program Account, Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Office of Clean Energy Demonstrations, and Fossil Energy and Carbon Management programs.

- **Critical Minerals and Energy Innovation** – The bill provides \$1.9 billion, a decrease of \$1.3 billion, or 40 percent, below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$1.7 billion above the fiscal year 2027 request. This account was formerly known as Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy. This cut further erodes American leadership in the transition to a global clean energy economy.

- **Cybersecurity, Energy Security, and Emergency Response** – The bill provides \$190 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$30 million above the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Electricity** – The bill provides \$235 million, an effective decrease of \$25 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$32 million above the fiscal year 2027 request. The account includes activities formerly funded by the Grid Deployment account.
- **Nuclear Energy** – The bill provides \$1.8 billion, an increase of \$15 million above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$266 million above the fiscal year 2027 request. Additionally, the bill makes available \$2.7 billion for nuclear reactor demonstrations by revoking \$2.7 billion from Bipartisan Infrastructure Law programs at the Department of Energy.
- **Hydrocarbons and Geothermal Energy** – The bill provides \$700 million, a decrease of \$20 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$24 million above the fiscal year 2027 request. This account was formerly known as Fossil Energy and Carbon Management.
- **Science** – The bill provides \$8.5 billion, an increase of \$125 million above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$1.4 billion above the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Advanced Research Projects Agency—Energy** – The bill provides \$300 million, a decrease of \$50 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$100 million above the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Indian Energy Policy and Programs** – The bill provides \$75 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$25 million above the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **National Nuclear Security Administration** – The bill provides \$27.1 billion for DOE’s nuclear security programs, an increase of \$1.7 billion above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$5.7 billion below the fiscal year 2027 request. This includes:
 - **Weapons Activities** – The bill provides \$22.1 billion, an increase of \$1.7 billion above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$5.4 billion below the fiscal year 2027 request.
 - **Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation** – The bill provides \$2.1 billion, a decrease of \$282 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$305 million below the fiscal year 2027 request. This cut makes it more difficult to secure nuclear material at home and abroad, combat the threat of nuclear terrorism, and provide emergency response capabilities.
 - **Naval Reactors** – The bill provides \$2.4 billion, an increase of \$260 million above the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and equal to the fiscal year 2027 request.

- **Federal Salaries and Expenses** – The bill provides \$525 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$52 million below the fiscal year 2027 request. This funding provides salaries, corporate planning, oversight, and management for the National Nuclear Security Administration.
- **Environmental Management** – The bill provides \$7.7 billion, a decrease of \$863 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$477 million below the fiscal year 2027 request. This funding is used for nuclear cleanup work at 15 sites across the country.
- **Loan Programs** – The bill provides \$51 million in gross administrative costs, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$20 million below the fiscal year 2027 request. The bill includes a provision to provide \$100 million in additional credit subsidy for nuclear power projects by revoking \$100 million from Bipartisan Infrastructure Law programs at the Department of Energy.
- **Power Marketing Administrations** – The bill provides approximately the net request levels for the Southeastern Power Administration, Southwestern Power Administration, and Western Area Power Administration.

Independent Agencies

- **Appalachian Regional Commission** – The bill provides \$200 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$80 million above the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Delta Regional Authority** – The bill provides \$32 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$62 million above the fiscal year 2027 request, which proposed to eliminate the commission and eliminate its previous funding.
- **Denali Commission** – The bill provides \$18 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$11 million above the fiscal year 2027 request, which proposed to eliminate the commission and eliminate its previous funding.
- **Northern Border Regional Commission** – The bill provides \$42 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$82 million above the fiscal year 2027 request, which proposed to eliminate the commission and eliminate its previous funding.
- **Northwest Regional Commission** – The bill provides zero funding, \$1 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and equal to the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Southeast Crescent Regional Commission** – The bill provides \$20 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$25 million above the fiscal year 2027 request, which proposed to eliminate the commission and eliminate its previous funding.

- **Southwest Border Regional Commission** – The bill provides \$6 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$7 million above the fiscal year 2027 request, which proposed to eliminate the commission and eliminate its previous funding.
- **Great Lakes Authority** – The bill provides \$5 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$19 million above the fiscal year 2027 request, which proposed to eliminate the commission and eliminate its previous funding.
- **Nuclear Regulatory Commission** – The bill provides a total net appropriation of \$136 million, a decrease of \$16 million below the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and equal to the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board** – The bill provides \$42 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and \$3 million below the fiscal year 2027 request.
- **Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board** – The bill provides \$4 million, equal to the fiscal year 2026 enacted level and equal to the fiscal year 2027 request.

This bill includes riders that would:

- Allow firearms on Corps of Engineers' public lands.
- Prohibit implementation of "Clean Energy for New Federal Buildings and Major Renovations of Federal Buildings."
- Prohibit funds for private consolidated interim storage of commercial spent nuclear fuel.