Labor-Health & Human Services-Education

Fiscal Year 2020 Bill At-a-Glance



The bill provides \$190 billion to help every individual get a good job, a good education, & access to affordable health care

Department of Labor: \$13.3 billion



- •\$3 billion for Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act State Grants
- •\$1.9 billion for Job Corps
- •\$150 million for a new investment in community colleges and eligible four-year partners through Strengthening Community College Training Grants.

Department of Health & Human Services: \$99 billion



• National Institutes of Health (NIH) – The bill provides a total of \$41.1 billion for NIH, an increase of \$2 billion above the 2019 enacted level and \$6.9 billion above the President's budget request.

- \$2.4 billion for Alzheimer's disease research
- \$3.2 billion for HIV/AIDS research
- \$195 million for the Cancer Moonshot research initiative
- Early childhood programs receive an increase of \$4 billion:
 - \$7.7 billion for the Child Care and Development Block Grant, an increase of \$2.4 billion
 - \$11.6 billion for Head Start, an increase of \$1.5 billion

Department of Education: \$75.9 billion

- Expanding Access to College the bill provides \$24.9 billion for Federal student aid programs, \$492 million above the 2019 enacted level and \$2 billion above the President's budget request.
 - \$6,345 for the maximum Pell Grant, an increase of \$150 over the 2019 enacted level and the President's budget request. The increase helps the maximum award keep pace with inflation.
 - \$16.9 billion for Title I-Grants to Local Educational Agencies, an increase of \$1 billion over the 2019 enacted level and the President's budget request.
 - \$14.5 billion for Special Education, an increase of \$1.05 billion above the 2019 enacted level and \$1.07 billion above the President's budget request.

For the first time in more than 20 years, the bill contains funding — \$50 million for the NIH & CDC to support firearm injury & mortality prevention research.